Name of Inventor(s):
Address:
Telephone:
Fax:
E-mail:
Name of Invention:
Brief Description
Describe the invention in general terms:
What does it do?
How does it do it?

Details of the Invention:

- What parts (steps, if a method) make up the invention, in its best form?
- What does each contribute to the invention?
- Which parts are new to this invention in terms of structure or usage, and which are old, meaning conventional or used in the expected way?
- In what way do the parts interact to make the invention work?
- For each part, indicate if the part (or its form or interconnection) is *ESSENTIAL* to the invention that is, for each part, ask, "if this part were left out, or changed,

would the remaining device still be my invention?" Or, "if this part were changed or left out, would the invention still work?

Use labeled sketches to detail your invention. Be sure all essential parts are shown
on the sketch. Measurements are not required, unless they are essential to the
operation of the invention.

Alternatives

You have described the best way to build or perform the invention. Now consider the alternatives.

Structural Alternatives:

- In what ways could the parts (steps) be changed or equivalent parts
 substituted without changing the basic invention?
- o Is there a generic description for any of the parts you listed (i.e. "fastener" instead of "Machine Screw", or "plastic" instead of "polypropylene")?
- o Could the functions of any of the parts be changed, combined, eliminated?
- What could be added to make the invention work better?
- o What could be left out?

Alternate Use: Can your invention be used for anything other than its preferred use?

Limitations: When will the invention *not* work?

- Are there any critical ranges of size, weight, pressure, etc. for any of the parts of your invention? (i.e. "the cap must be made of steel with a Rockwell hardness of 32-56")
- Must some parts be made of specific substances?

In order to be patentable, an invention must be NOVEL, USEFUL and NOT OBVIOUS to one skilled in the art, based upon everything which was available at the time of the invention.

State of the Art: Consider what was already in existence, whether patented or not, before the invention.

- o How is the function of the invention being done today?
- What is the closest device or method you are aware of to your invention?
- o Is there something, which performs the same function in a different way?
- Is there any combination of existing devices or methods which would be similar to your invention?
- How does your invention perform its function different from, or better than, these prior devices or methods?
- o How are they similar?

Resources for search:

- o If you hadn't invented the invention, where would you go to find one?
- What catalogs, publications, etc. would you look in?
- To what extent have you looked?
- Who would be likely to purchase or use the invention?
- O you know of any publications, which might describe the invention or its competitors?

You may not get a patent on an invention which was already patented, or described in a printed publication, or in public use or on sale either: (a) by others, before you invented it, or (b) by anyone, more than one year before you apply for a patent.

Date of Invention: "Invention" means a combination of conception (coming up with the idea of the invention) and reduction to practice (building it, or applying for a patent).

- o Conception: When did you first begin to work on the invention?
- Reduction to Practice: Has the invention been built? If so, when? Have you built a prototype?

Publications: Has the invention ever been described in any printed form, by anyone? If so, where and when?

Prior Filings: Have you filed a Disclosure Document or Provisional Patent Application on this invention, or has there been an application for patent in the USA or elsewhere?

- Type of Filing:
- Date of Filing:
- Serial Number:
- Where filed:

Public Use: Has the invention ever been shown or used in public? If yes, where and when?

Sale: Has the invention ever been sold? If yes, where and when?

Other Inventors: Is there anyone else who contributed to the conception or reduction to practice of the invention, in more than a purely mechanical way?

Rights in Others: Are you under any obligation to assign any rights in the invention to others?

- Was the invention developed in the course of your employment, or using any facilities belonging to your employer?
 If so, the employer may have rights to the invention.
- Do you have an agreement with your employer that you will assign any inventions you may make to the employer?
- Was the invention developed in the course of a consulting agreement with someone else?
 - If so, did you agree that any inventions belong to them?
- Was there any funding of the development of the invention by any party (government agency, school, etc.) who might claim rights in the invention?
- Was any equipment or facilities used in the development of the invention which was funded by or belongs to any government agency?

Any additional notes or comments?	